

## <u>Year 6 Homework – Term 1 2025– Wk 6-10</u> (Revised 2025)

Remember to READ EVERY NIGHT!								
Week	English	Spelling	Mathematics	Science/HASS				
6	Write a paragraph about your favourite book. What is the main idea and the theme of the book.	Every Week  From the list of Core Words perform the following spelling activities:	With a ruler create a number line from 0 – 1. Put these fractions on the number line:  1/2  3/4  1/10  4/8	Research a famous refugee. Write three interesting facts about the refugee.				
7	Write a introduction using literary devices for a podcast.	Code Breaking Identify the following for each core spelling word • Syllable breaks • Consonants/vo	Multiplication and division with decimals. Look at the examples and complete the questions. <a href="https://www.mathsisfun.com/dividing-decimals.html">https://www.mathsisfun.com/dividing-decimals.html</a>	Create a Map using BOLTSS of where Cranbrook State School is located				
8	Write the definition for the following terms: - theme - main idea	wels  Number of sounds in each syllable  Underline any phonograms  Double underline the	Play the following data game. You'll need to copy and paste the entire link.  https://games.abc.net.au/education/statistics-game/index.htm#/	Create a fact file on Australia Include the following facts: population, capital city, government, geographical information, economy, agricultural products, exports, imports				
9	Write a paragraph using a variety of sentence types (simple, compound and complex) and formal language.	base word eg education  Vocabulary Building	Survey your family members and create a graph. Wriite a comparison with a justification using evidence.	Continue working on your country fact file.				
10	Write a paragraph comparing The Happiest Refugee and The Little Refugee.  Which book do you like better.	<ul> <li>Highlight any words you are unsure of and find the definition in the dictionary</li> <li>Use your new understanding of the word to write it in a sentence</li> </ul>	Check out the following website and write your own definition of secondary data:  http://www.amathsdictionaryforkids.com/gr/s/secondaryDataSet.html#:~:text=secondary%20data%20~%20A%20Maths%20Dictionary%20for%20Kids%20Quick%20Reference%20by%20Jenny%20Eather&text=data%20obtained%20forom%20another%20source%2C%20that%20is%2C%20not%20collected%20dredy&text=sources%20may%20include%20other%20research,scientific%20papers%20and%20the%20internet.	Imagine you were a refugee from the Vietnam War. What things would you take with you on your journey to Australia? Justify your choices.				

## Year 6 Term 1 Part 2 Spelling overview

Week		Focus Spelling knowl Phonological (P), Etymological (E)	edge — Visual (V), Morphemic (M),	Suggested words CORE WOI extension	RDS (and
6	Prefixes — 'anti' and 'ante'  M Latin stem — 'grad' and 'gress'  E	antibiotic antibody antidote antisocial antiseptic	antibacterial anticlockwise anticlimax antenatal anteroom	grade gradual graduate downgrade centigrade	congress progress aggressive regress transgressio n
7	Diphthong s in two or more syllable words VP Greek roots — 'gram', 'micro' and 'geo' E	mouthful council fountain doubtfully boundaries	rewound dismount mountain kilogram program	diagram tangram microscopic microphone microwave	microbiologis t geology geography geometric geologist
8	Vowel alternation — long to short <b>P M</b>	nature natural please pleasant reduce	reduction divide division know knowledge	receive reception athlete athletic serene	serenity cave cavity write written
9	Complex word endings — 'gue' and 'que'	vague league plague intrigue catalogue	epilogue fatigue colleague tongue meringue	boutique mosque technique oblique barbeque* (may also be spelt with 'cue')	antique opaque unique plaque marquee
10	V		Consolidation V P M E	on	

<u> </u>				
Syllables	cat	Never divide a one syllable word		
10 rules of LEM	in•to	Divide compound words		
	plant•ed	Divide suffixes from their base words		
	mis•place	Divide prefixes from their base words		
	tur•tle	When two consonants come together, divide between the 1st		
		and 2 <sup>nd</sup> consonants		
	con•vince	When a vowel has a short, (first) sound, divide the word after		
		the next consonant		
	ta•ble	When the vowel has a long (second) sound, divide		
		immediately		
	o•pen	When a vowel sound is alone, divide it from the rest of the		
		word		
	ra•di•o	When two vowels come together in a word and are sounded		
		separately, and are not part of a phonogram, divide the word		
		between the two vowels.		
	this•tle	When a word ends in le preceded by a consonant, divide the		
		word before that consonant, but not if preceded by the		
0.11.11		phonogram ck		
Syllables	ta•ble	Pg 86-89 LEM Phonics Manual		
Additional rules		•Every syllable must have a vowel		
		e.g. so lid (no) sol id (yes)		
	sh <u>ow</u> •er	Never split a phonogram (A phonogram is 1 sound)		
		e.g. team (vowel team)		
	stu•dent	• If there are 2 vowels not touching, there are 2 syllables		
		- split vowels, move the remaining letter to the back syllable		
		e.g. bo nus, stu dent		
	1	- if it does not make sense move it to the front		
	sub•ject	• Split between 2 consonants		
		- sub ject		

Remember!
Sounds in Words
Write a number under each sound (not letter)
you hear in your words
Eg:
in-sin-cere

in-sin-c<u>er</u>e 12 123 11